About California Paid Family Leave

For many working Californians, finding time to be with a loved one when they need it most can be difficult. California’s Paid Family Leave program was created for those moments that matter – when you are bonding with a new child or caring for a seriously ill family member.

Fast Facts About California Paid Family Leave

- Provides up to six weeks of partial wage replacement benefits to bond with a new child (either by birth, adoption, or foster care placement) or to care for a seriously ill family member (child, parent, parent-in-law, grandparent, grandchild, sibling, spouse, or registered domestic partner).
- Doesn’t have to be taken all at once.
- Provides approximately 60 to 70 percent of your salary during your leave.
- Funded through your State Disability Insurance tax withholding, so you are most likely eligible if you’ve paid into State Disability Insurance (noted as “CASDI” on paystubs) or a qualifying voluntary plan in the past 5 to 18 months.
- Bonding claims can be used at any time in the first 12 months after a child enters your family.

In California, it’s the law.

Paid Family Leave benefits: Giving Californians the time they need to be there for the moments that matter.

English 1-877-238-4373
Spanish 1-877-379-3819
Cantonese 1-866-692-5595
Vietnamese 1-866-692-5596
Armenian 1-866-627-1567
Punjabi 1-866-627-1568
Tagalog 1-866-627-1569
TTY 1-800-445-1312

Individuals can also visit a Paid Family Leave or Disability Insurance office to obtain claim forms, receive information, or speak to a representative. Visit edd.ca.gov/Disability/Contact_SDI.htm to locate an office.

For more information, visit: CaliforniaPaidFamilyLeave.com

The EDD is an equal opportunity employer/program. Auxiliary aids and services are available upon request to individuals with disabilities. Requests for services, aids, and/or alternate formats need to be made by calling 1-866-490-8879 (voice). TTY users, please call the California Relay Service at 711.
Do I Qualify For California Paid Family Leave?

To qualify for Paid Family Leave benefits, you must meet the following requirements:

- Need to take time off from work to care for a seriously ill family member or to bond with a new child.
- Be covered by State Disability Insurance (or a voluntary plan in lieu of State Disability Insurance).
- Have earned at least $300 in the past 5 to 18 months.
- Submit your claim no later than 41 days after you begin your family leave. Do not file before your first day of leave.

If required by your employer, you must use up to two weeks of unused vacation leave or paid time off. Check with your human resources department to confirm your employer’s requirements.

How Are Benefit Amounts Calculated?

California Paid Family Leave provides approximately 60 to 70 percent of your weekly salary (from $50 up to $1,216 weekly).

The benefit amount is calculated from your highest quarterly earnings over the past 5 to 18 months, before the start of your claim. The Employment Development Department has an online calculator at edd.ca.gov/PFL_Calculator that can help you estimate your weekly benefit amount.

Does Paid Family Leave Provide Job Protection?

California Paid Family Leave does not provide job protection or a right to return to work. However, job protection may be provided under other laws such as the federal Family and Medical Leave Act, the California Family Rights Act, or the New Parent Leave Act (if you qualify). Notify your employer of your plan to take leave and the reason for taking leave according to your company’s policy.

How Do I Apply For Benefits?

Apply for Paid Family Leave benefits using SDI Online. Visit edd.ca.gov/SDI_Oline for more information.

You may also apply using a paper form. Visit edd.ca.gov/Forms to request a Claim for Paid Family Leave (PFL) Benefits, DE 2501F form.

For caregiving claims, you must supply medical certification showing that the care recipient has a serious health condition and requires your care. This needs to be completed by the care recipient’s physician/practitioner. Information about the care recipient and their signature are also required.

For bonding claims, you must provide documentation showing proof of relationship between you and the child (e.g., a copy of the child’s birth certificate, adoptive placement agreement, or foster care placement record).

If you are covered by a voluntary plan, contact your employer for information about your coverage and instructions on how to apply for benefits.

If your claim is denied, you are entitled to:

- Know the reason for denial.
- Appeal decisions about your eligibility for benefits. Visit edd.ca.gov/Disability/Appeals.htm for information about appeals.

All claim information is confidential except for purposes allowed by law.