EMPLOYMENT ENFORCEMENT TASK FORCE (Employment Development Department, Department of Industrial Relations, and Department of Consumer Affairs)

Background

Reports on the underground economy indicate that it imposes significant burdens on the State of California, on businesses that comply with the law, and on workers who lose benefits and other protections provided by State law when the businesses that they work for operate in the underground economy. When businesses operate in the underground economy, they gain an unfair competitive advantage over businesses that comply with the law. This causes unfair competition in the marketplace and forces law-abiding businesses to pay higher taxes.

Employees of the businesses that do not comply are also affected. Their working conditions may not meet the legal requirements, which can put them in danger. Their wage earnings may also be less than those required by law and benefits they are entitled to can be denied or delayed because their wages are not properly reported.

Consumers can also be affected when contracting with unlicensed businesses. Licensing provisions are designed to ensure minimum levels of skill and knowledge to protect the consumer. The ultimate impact is an erosion of the economic stability and working conditions in this State.

Joint Enforcement Strike Force

On October 26, 1993, the Governor signed Executive Order W-66-93, which created the Joint Enforcement Strike Force on the underground economy. On January 1, 1995, Section 329 was added to the California Unemployment Insurance Code. This section placed the provisions of the Executive Order into law. The Joint Enforcement Strike Force includes the Employment Development Department (EDD), the Department of Consumer Affairs (DCA), the Department of Industrial Relations (DIR), the Office of Criminal Justice Planning, the Franchise Tax Board, the Board of Equalization, the Department of Insurance, and the Department of Justice.

The Strike Force is responsible for enhancing the development and sharing of information necessary to combat the underground economy, to improve the coordination of enforcement activities, and to develop methods to pool, focus, and target enforcement resources.

The Strike Force is empowered and authorized to form joint enforcement teams when appropriate to utilize the collective investigative and enforcement capabilities of the Strike Force members.

Employment Enforcement Task Force

In February 1994, the Strike Force created its first joint enforcement effort, called the Employment Enforcement Task Force, consisting of EDD, DIR, and DCA.

The objectives of the Employment Enforcement Task Force are:

- To create a level playing field for business competition.
- To ensure that workers receive benefit coverage provided by law for Unemployment Insurance, State Disability Insurance, and Workers’ Compensation Insurance.
- To ensure that workers receive minimum wages and overtime in accordance with the law.
- To ensure that businesses obtain the proper licenses.
- To detect, deter, educate, and bring into compliance those employers that are avoiding their employment tax liabilities.

The Employment Enforcement Task Force operates through teams of Joint Enforcement agents from EDD and DIR. Leads are received from other agencies, from hotlines, and from individuals, labor, and businesses. These leads are verified with various databases to determine if there are current licenses, Workers’ Compensation Insurance coverage, or registration with EDD. When there is a reasonable belief that there is some noncompliance with licensing, labor, or payroll tax law, agents will visit work sites of businesses to determine if there is cause for further action.
The agents will interview the owners and/or workers to determine if the workers are employees and if so, to determine if the business has Workers’ Compensation Insurance and is issuing wage statements and reporting wages properly for benefit purposes. If the business appears to be out of compliance with payroll tax law, an audit appointment will be set up with the local EDD Area Audit Office. If violations of labor law are found, agents will cite owners with appropriate fines and penalties.

A visit to a business by an Employment Enforcement Task Force team means only that the team has information indicating that noncompliance with licensing, labor, or payroll tax law may exist. The team is charged with determining whether the information in its possession is correct. If the visit to the business verifies that noncompliance does exist, the team will inform the business owner as to his or her responsibilities and take any action required by law.

For More Information

If you would like additional information regarding this program or to report suspected underground economy activity, please contact EDD’s Underground Economy Operations at (916) 227-2730 or toll free at (800) 528-1783, or visit our Web site at http://www.edd.ca.gov/Payroll_Taxes/Underground_Economy_Operations.htm. You may also e-mail information to UEO at ueo@edd.ca.gov, send a fax to (916) 227-2772, or mail to:

Employment Development Department
Underground Economy Operations
3321 Power Inn Road, Suite 140
Sacramento, CA 95826

EDD is an equal opportunity employer/program. Auxiliary aids and services are available upon request to individuals with disabilities. Requests for services, aids, and/or alternate formats need to be made by calling (888) 745-3886 (voice) or TTY (800) 547-9565.

This information sheet is provided as a public service and is intended to provide nontechnical assistance. Every attempt has been made to provide information that is consistent with the appropriate statutes, rules, and administrative court decisions. Any information that is inconsistent with the law, regulations, and administrative and court decisions is not binding on either the Employment Development Department or the taxpayer. Any information provided is not intended to be legal, accounting, tax, investment, or other professional advice.